

No. 370.  
THE MUNICIPAL CORPORATIONS LAWS, 1930 TO (No. 2) 1943.

BYE-LAWS MADE BY THE COUNCIL OF THE MUNICIPAL CORPORATION OF LEFKARA.

In exercise of the powers vested in them by the Municipal Corporations Laws, 1930 to (No. 2) 1943, and otherwise, the Council of the Municipal Corporation of Lefkara hereby make the following bye-laws:—

1. These bye-laws may be cited as the Municipal Corporation (Lefkara) Amendment Bye-Laws, 1944, and shall be read as one with the Municipal Corporation (Lefkara) Bye-laws, 1931 to 1942 (hereinafter referred to as "the principal Bye-laws"), and the principal Bye-laws and these bye-laws may together be cited as the Municipal Corporation (Lefkara) Bye-laws, 1931 to 1944.

Gazettes :  
4. 9.1931  
Supplement  
No. 3 :  
17.12.1937  
22.10.1942

2. Paragraph (1) of bye-law 17 of the principal Bye-laws is hereby deleted and the following paragraph substituted therefor:—

"17.—(1) The following fees shall be paid by the owner of or the person slaughtering any animal in the slaughter-house, that is to say:—

	<i>s.</i>	<i>p.</i>
(a) For every cow or ox not exceeding 50 okes in weight .. .. .	6	0
(b) For every cow or ox exceeding 50 okes in weight .. .. .	8	0
(c) For every goat or sheep of 6 okes or over .. .. .	3	0
(d) For every kid or lamb not exceeding 6 okes in weight .. .. .	1	6
(e) For every kid or lamb slaughtered between the 1st December and 15th April yearly .. .. .	1	3"

3. Paragraph (1) of bye-law 27 of the principal Bye-laws is hereby deleted and the following paragraph substituted therefor:—

"27.—(1) The following tolls shall be paid by the owner or the person in charge of the following goods, marketable commodities, live stock and other articles or things exposed for sale in the municipal market, that is to say:—

(a) Vegetables, fruits and all other marketable commodities or articles or things not specifically enumerated below:—	<i>s.</i>	<i>p.</i>
(i) For each large or small basket ( <i>kalathion</i> ) .. .. .	—	2
(ii) For each receptacle not exceeding 30 okes .. .. .	—	6
(iii) For each receptacle not exceeding 60 okes .. .. .	1	0
(iv) For each receptacle exceeding 60 okes, in addition to the above toll of 1s. a further toll of 1p. for every 10 okes or part thereof in excess.		
(b) Oil—	<i>s.</i>	<i>p.</i>
(i) For every kouza or demijohn or tin .. .. .	—	6
(ii) For every skin .. .. .	1	0
(c) Lime or gypsum—		
For every load of 60 okes or part thereof .. .. .	—	4
(d) Live stock:—		
(i) For every lamb or kid .. .. .	—	2
(ii) For every ox or calf .. .. .	—	6
(iii) For every sheep or goat .. .. .	—	3
(iv) For every ass .. .. .	—	1 0
(v) For every camel, horse, mule or ox .. .. .	—	2 0"

4. Paragraph (1) of bye-law 47 of the principal Bye-laws is hereby deleted and the following paragraph substituted therefor:—

"47.—(1) The following tolls shall be paid by the owner of or the person exposing for sale any carcass of swine or fresh pork in the pork market, that is to say:—

(a) For every carcass of swine or part thereof or portion of fresh pork not exceeding 40 okes in weight .. .. .	<i>s.</i>	<i>p.</i>
.. .. .	6	0
(b) For every carcass of swine or part thereof or portion of fresh pork exceeding 40 okes in weight .. .. .	8	0
(c) For every carcass of swine or part thereof or portion of fresh pork exceeding 80 okes in weight .. .. .	10	0"

5. Paragraph (1) of bye-law 64 of the principal Bye-laws is hereby deleted and the following paragraph substituted therefor:—

"64.—(1) The following tolls shall be paid by the owner of or the person exposing for sale any flour in the flour market, that is to say:—

(a) For each load not exceeding 40 okes .. .. .	<i>s.</i>	<i>p.</i>
.. .. .	—	4
(b) For each load not exceeding 80 okes .. .. .	—	8
(c) For each load not exceeding 100 okes .. .. .	—	1 0
(d) For each load exceeding 100 okes a further toll of 1p. for every 10 okes or part thereof in excess."		

6. Paragraph (1) of bye-law 69 of the principal Bye-laws is hereby deleted and the following paragraph substituted therefor:—

"69.—(1) The following tolls shall be paid by the owner of or the person exposing for sale any cattle in the cattle market, that is to say:—

(a) For every ass, camel, horse, mule or ox .. .. .	<i>s.</i>	<i>p.</i>
.. .. .	1	0
(b) For every goat or sheep .. .. .	—	3
(c) For every kid or lamb .. .. .	—	2"

7. Paragraph (1) of bye-law 131 of the principal Bye-laws (relating to the fee payable for a licence to keep a dog not being under the age of 6 months) is hereby amended by the deletion therefrom of the figure and word "2 shillings" and the substitution therefor of the figure "3s."

8. The principal Bye-laws are hereby amended by the insertion immediately after bye-law 153 of the following bye-law:—

"153A.—(1)—(a) The Council shall charge a duty (hereinafter in this chapter and in the First Schedule hereto called 'entertainment duty') on all payments made for admission to any public entertainment.

(b) The entertainment duty shall be at the rates set out in the First Schedule hereto and shall be payable by the manager.

(c) The entertainment duty shall be levied by special stamps to be printed by the Council and to be sold by the Council to managers.

(2)—(a) No person shall be admitted to any public entertainment except against a ticket, even though such ticket is issued free of charge: Provided that no entertainment duty shall be levied or paid on any ticket issued free of charge.

(b) An inspection coupon shall be attached to each ticket and such coupon shall be detached from the ticket by the ticket collector upon entry of the ticket holder to the public entertainment. The ticket itself shall be kept by the ticket holder until the public entertainment is over.

(3) The correct price of each ticket shall be stated thereon.

(4) Any person selling tickets shall affix on each ticket, prior to its sale to any purchaser, the appropriate stamp in accordance with the rates set out in the First Schedule hereto and such person shall cancel any stamp so affixed by him dating, sealing or otherwise making it impossible to re-use such stamp.

(5)—(a) The Council may grant any reduction of or exemption from the entertainment duty in respect of tickets:—

(i) to any sports competition, or

(ii) to any public entertainment the income of which is destined for religious or charitable purposes, or

(iii) to any public entertainment of a wholly educational or scientific character, or

(iv) to any public entertainment which is provided for partly educational or partly scientific purposes by a society, institution or committee not conducted or established for profit.

(b) Any person wishing to be granted any reduction or exemption under paragraph (5) (a) of this bye-law, in respect of any public entertainment, shall submit an application in writing to the Council prior to the sale of any ticket for such public entertainment.

(c) Any person who does not submit such application in writing prior to selling tickets or whose application has been refused by the Council shall pay the entertainment duty in full in accordance with the rates set out in the First Schedule hereto.

(6) The Council or a representative of the Council duly authorized in that behalf in writing by the Mayor shall have the right to enter any public entertainment and examine any ticket whether at the cash desk, with the ticket collectors, orderlies, purchasers or otherwise in order to ascertain whether the provisions of this chapter and of the First Schedule hereto are being complied with.

(7) Any person who—

(i) sells or offers for sale any ticket the price of which has not been stated at all or the price of which is stated incorrectly or sells or offers for sale any ticket at a price higher than that stated on the ticket, or

(ii) sells any ticket (not being a free ticket) not bearing a stamp or bearing a stamp of insufficient value, or

(iii) in any way whatever hinders the Council or its representative from entering any public entertainment or examining the tickets or renders such examination nugatory by not returning the ticket to the purchaser upon entry in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (2) (b) of this bye-law, or

(iv) admits any person or allows the admission of any person to any public entertainment without a ticket or against a ticket which is not in accordance with the provisions of this chapter, or

(v) takes off from any ticket a cancelled stamp for the purpose of re-using such stamp or affixes a stamp that has already been used once to any ticket, or

(vi) otherwise contravenes the provisions of this chapter, shall be guilty of an offence against these bye-laws.

(8) For the purposes of this chapter 'manager' means the person in whose name the licence for a public entertainment is granted or any person under whose supervision, care or management the public entertainment is carried on or the person who is the owner or occupier of the land, building, tent or place in or on which the public entertainment takes place:

Provided that if the licence for public entertainment is granted in the name of two or more persons each of them shall be severally and jointly responsible for the carrying out of the provisions of this chapter."

9. Part XVIA of the principal Bye-laws is hereby repealed and the following Part substituted therefor:—

“ PART XVIA.

FEEES FOR WEIGHING, MEASURING AND TESTING OF GOODS.

184A. The fees to be paid under the provisions of section 184 of the Municipal Corporations Laws, 1930 to (No. 2) 1943, for the weighing or measuring within the municipal limits of the goods set out in the Second Schedule to these bye-laws shall be the fees set forth in the said Second Schedule.

184B.—(1) Whenever any municipal weigher is requested by any person to weigh, measure or test any goods other than any of the goods enumerated in the Twelfth Schedule to the Municipal Corporations Laws, 1930 to (No. 2) 1943, or in the Second Schedule to these bye-laws, as the case may be, such person shall pay to the municipal weigher, for the use of the municipal corporation, upon such weighing, measuring or testing a fee at the rate of one para per oke in respect thereof and such municipal weigher shall give to the person paying the same a printed receipt in respect thereof from a counterfoil book in such form as the Mayor may from time to time prescribe and every person paying any such fee shall require the municipal weigher to whom the same is paid to furnish him with such printed receipt:

Provided that—

- (a) Fractions under ten paras shall not be collected;
- (b) For fractions of ten paras and over and under thirty paras the sum of twenty paras shall be collected;
- (c) For fractions of thirty paras and over and under forty paras the sum of forty paras shall be collected:

Provided also that the minimum fee for any one weighing, measuring or testing shall be twenty paras.

(2) Nothing in this bye-law contained—

- (a) shall apply or shall be taken to apply to the weighing, measuring or testing of any goods enumerated in the Twelfth Schedule to the Municipal Corporations Laws, 1930 to (No. 2) 1943, or in the Second Schedule to these bye-laws, as the case may be; or
- (b) shall be taken or construed to give any municipal weigher or to the municipal corporation any right to demand the compulsory weighing, measuring or testing of any goods to which this bye-law applies.”

10. The principal Bye-laws are hereby amended by the addition immediately after bye-law 195 of the following Schedules:—

“ FIRST SCHEDULE.

(Bye-law 153A.)

ENTERTAINMENT DUTY.

	<i>Rates.</i>
	<i>p.</i>
(i) On each ticket the total price of which does not exceed 2p. . . . .	0½
(ii) On each ticket the total price of which exceeds 2p. but does not exceed 6p. . . . .	1
(iii) On each ticket the total price of which exceeds 6p. but does not exceed 1s. . . . .	1½
(iv) On each ticket the total price of which exceeds 1s. but does not exceed 2s. . . . .	2½
(v) On each ticket the total price of which exceeds 2s. but does not exceed 3s. . . . .	3
(vi) On each ticket the total price of which is 3s. or over . . . . .	4.

SECOND SCHEDULE.

(Bye-law 184A.)

WEIGHING AND MEASURING FEES.

<i>Item No.</i>	<i>Goods</i>	<i>Minimum weight</i>	<i>Fees</i>
		<i>Okes</i>	
1	Barley . . . . .	20	1 para per oke.
2	Beans . . . . .	20	2 paras per oke.
3	Carobs, natural or ground . . . . .	40	1½ piastres per kantar.
4	Charcoal . . . . .	20	2 paras per oke.
5	Flour . . . . .	20	3 paras per oke.
6	Fruit, dry (raisins, dry or boiled) . . . . .	20	2 paras per oke.
7	Gypsum . . . . .	40	1s. 4½p. per ton.
8	Lime . . . . .	40	1½ paras per oke.
9	Oil, olive . . . . .	10	4 paras per oke.
10	Straw . . . . .	40	1 para per oke.
11	Wines and spirits . . . . .	20	2 paras per oke.
12	Wood . . . . .	40	1 para per oke.
		<i>Minimum measure</i>	
13	Lemons . . . . .	100	2 piastres per 100.
14	Oranges . . . . .	100	3 piastres per 100.”

REPL.  
S.L. 1947,  
13.11.47,  
p. 399.

The above bye-laws have been approved by His Excellency the Acting Governor. (M.P. 2088/08/2.)