

2. The principal Bye-laws are hereby amended by the insertion therein, immediately after bye-law 168c, of the following bye-law:—

“168d. No person shall in any street or streets within the Municipal limits, lead, ride, drive, take or use any carriage or other vehicle drawn by one or more horses, mares or mules and constructed for the conveyance of persons, which plies for hire whether actually hired or not.”

3. These bye-laws shall come into operation on the 25th July, 1951.

The above bye-laws have been approved by His Excellency the Acting Governor. (M.P. 1903/49.)

## No. 371. THE IRRIGATION DIVISIONS (VILLAGES) LAW.

### CAP. 111.

In pursuance of the provisions of section 20 of the Irrigation Divisions (Villages) Law, the following rules made by the Committee of the Irrigation Division of Statos “Kato Pigadhi” Locality, in the District of Paphos, are published in the *Gazette*.

#### IRRIGATION DIVISION OF STATOS “KATO PIGADHI” LOCALITY.

##### Rules.

*Gazette* :  
Suppl. No. 3 :  
22. 6.1950

1. These rules may be cited as the Irrigation Division of Statos “Kato Pigadhi” Locality (Amendment) Rules, 1951, and shall be read as one with the Irrigation Division of Statos “Kato Pigadhi” Locality Rules, 1950 (hereinafter referred to as “the principal Rules”), and the principal Rules and these rules may together be cited as the Irrigation Division of Statos “Kato Pigadhi” Locality Rules, 1950 and 1951.

2. Rule 5 of the principal Rules is hereby amended by the deletion therefrom of the words “twenty shillings” and the substitution therefor of the words “one hundred and forty shillings”.

(M.P. 1717/50.)

## No. 372.

### CORRIGENDUM.

With reference to Notification No. 319 published in Supplement No. 3 to the *Gazette* of the 20th June, 1951, the words “sunset and sunrise” should be substituted for the words “sunrise and sunset” (line 5).

(M.P. 879/48.)

## No. 373. THE VILLAGES (ADMINISTRATION AND IMPROVEMENT) LAWS, 1950.

#### BYE-LAWS MADE BY THE IMPROVEMENT BOARD OF YEROSKIPOS.

In exercise of the powers vested in them by section 24 of the Villages (Administration and Improvement) Laws, 1950, the Improvement Board of Yeroskipos hereby make the following bye-laws:—

1. These bye-laws may be cited as the Villages (Administration and Improvement) Yeroskipos Bye-laws, 1951.

2.—(1) Subject to the provisions of paragraphs (2) and (3) of this bye-law, the Villages (Administration and Improvement) Pedhoulas Bye-laws, 1951, published in Supplement No. 3 to the *Gazette* of the 14th March, 1951 (hereinafter called “the model bye-laws”) shall—

(a) be deemed to be bye-laws made by the Improvement Board of Yeroskipos and to be incorporated herein; and

(b) apply to the improvement area of Yeroskipos;

Provided that for the word “Pedhoulas” and for the word “Nicosia” whenever they occur in the model bye-laws, the word “Yeroskipos” and the word “Paphos” shall be substituted respectively.

(2) The bye-laws set out in the First Appendix hereto shall be substituted for the corresponding bye-laws of the model bye-laws.

(3) The bye-laws of the model bye-laws mentioned in the Second Appendix hereto shall not apply to the improvement area of Yeroskipos.

FIRST APPENDIX.

(Bye-law 2 (2).)

BYE-LAWS TO BE SUBSTITUTED.

*Bye-law 7.* In all matters to which bye-laws 16, 18, 19, 20 and 21 of these bye-laws relate, the Medical Officer and the inspector shall be guided by, and act in accordance with, the instructions issued to them from time to time by the Chief Veterinary Officer.

*Bye-law 10.*—(1) Subject to the provisions of paragraph (2) of this bye-law—

- (a) no animal shall be slaughtered for human consumption or for sale within the improvement area except at the slaughter-houses;
- (b) no carcass of any such animal shall be cleaned or dressed within the improvement area except at the slaughter-houses.

(2) Between the 15th day of December and the 31st day of December in any year, any swine for private consumption by the owner and his family may, under a permit from the Board, be slaughtered and the carcass thereof be cleaned and dressed in any place other than the slaughter-houses:

Provided that the meat of such swine shall not be used unless such swine has been inspected, and the carcass thereof has been inspected, passed as fit for human consumption and marked as in bye-laws 16 (1) and 18 of these bye-laws provided.

*Bye-law 23.* All carcasses shall be conveyed by the owner thereof from the slaughter-houses to the meat market or pork market, as the case may be, and during such conveyance shall, in order to avoid contamination, be covered in such manner as the Chairman may from time to time prescribe.

*Bye-law 24.*—(1) Save as in paragraph (3) hereof and in bye-law 10 (2) of these bye-laws provided, no carcass or fresh meat of any animal shall be brought or kept within the improvement area for human consumption or for sale or shall be exposed for sale therein unless—

- (a) such carcass or fresh meat belongs to an animal which has been slaughtered at the slaughter-houses and has been cleaned and dressed therein; and
  - (b) such carcass or fresh meat bears on it the seal in good condition and well preserved.
- (2) Any carcass or fresh meat exposed for sale within the improvement area, which does not fulfil any of the requirements of this bye-law, may be seized and detained by the inspector or any other person authorized in writing by the Chairman, and may be destroyed or otherwise disposed of or dealt with by the written order of the Chairman.

(3) The Board may from time to time by public notification allow the bringing into the improvement area of any carcass or fresh meat belonging to an animal which has been slaughtered at a slaughter-house of a Municipal Corporation or other improvement area specified in such public notification, subject to such terms and conditions as to the Board may seem fit.

(4) The Board may at any time by public notification cancel a public notification made under paragraph (3) of this bye-law.

*Bye-law 26.* The following fees shall be paid by the owner of or the person slaughtering any animal, that is to say:—

	s. p.
(a) For every bullock, camel, cow or ox not exceeding thirty okes in weight . . . . .	1 0
(b) For every bullock, camel, cow or ox exceeding thirty okes in weight . . . . .	1 4½
(c) For every goat, kid, lamb or sheep of six okes or over in weight . . . . .	- 6
(d) For every kid or lamb under six okes in weight . . . . .	- 4½
(e) For every swine not exceeding five okes in weight . . . . .	- 4½
(f) For every swine exceeding five okes in weight but not exceeding ten okes in weight . . . . .	- 6
(g) For every swine exceeding ten okes in weight but not exceeding thirty okes in weight . . . . .	1 0
(h) For every swine exceeding thirty okes in weight . . . . .	1 4½

Provided that when any animal which has been slaughtered is to be used exclusively by the owner and his family for the purpose of salting, one shilling shall, irrespective of the weight of the animal, be paid in lieu of the fees hereinbefore prescribed.

*Bye-law 32.* No person shall sell or expose for sale any perishable goods at any place within the improvement area except at the market of perishable goods, unless he obtains a permit from the inspector.

*Bye-law 37.*—(1) The following fees shall be paid by every person exposing for sale any perishable goods in the market of perishable goods, that is to say:—

	s. p.
(a) When the value of such goods is under two shillings . . . . .	- 2
(b) When the value of such goods exceeds two shillings but does not exceed four shillings . . . . .	- 3
(c) When the value of such goods exceeds four shillings but does not exceed eight shillings . . . . .	- 4
(d) When the value of such goods exceeds eight shillings but does not exceed fifteen shillings . . . . .	- 5
(e) When the value of such goods exceeds fifteen shillings but does not exceed twenty shillings . . . . .	- 6
(f) When the value of such goods exceeds twenty shillings but does not exceed forty shillings . . . . .	1 0
(g) When the value of such goods exceeds forty shillings but does not exceed eighty shillings . . . . .	2 0

(2) If the value of such goods exceeds £4, a fee of 2 piastres for each additional pound or fraction thereof shall be added to the aforementioned fee of 2 shillings. For perishable goods sold under a permit from the inspector at any place other than the market of perishable goods a fee of two paras per oke shall be paid.

*Bye-law 51.*—(1) The following fees shall be paid by every person exposing for sale any fresh meat in the meat market, that is to say :—

	<i>s. p.</i>
(a) For every carcass of sheep or goat or part thereof . . . . .	6
(b) For every carcass of a young lamb or kid of less than 6 okes in weight or part thereof . . . . .	4½
(c) For every carcass of ox, camel, cow or bullock or part thereof not exceeding thirty okes in weight . . . . .	1 0
(d) For every carcass of ox, camel, cow or bullock or part thereof exceeding thirty okes in weight but not exceeding 60 okes in weight . . . . .	1 4½
(e) For every carcass of ox, camel, cow or bullock or part thereof exceeding 60 okes in weight . . . . .	2 0

*Bye-law 58.*—(1) The following fees shall be paid by the owner of or the person exposing for sale any carcass of swine or fresh pork in the pork market, that is to say :—

	<i>s. p.</i>
(a) For every carcass of swine or part thereof or portion of fresh pork not exceeding 30 okes in weight . . . . .	1 0
(b) For every carcass of swine or part thereof or portion of fresh pork exceeding 30 okes in weight but not exceeding 60 okes in weight . . . . .	1 4½
(c) For every carcass of swine or part thereof or portion of fresh pork exceeding 60 okes in weight . . . . .	2 0

*Bye-law 68.*—(1) Every person selling or exposing for sale in the market of goods any goods shall pay in respect thereof by way of toll a sum representing one per centum of the value of such goods.

*Bye-law 75.*—(1) The following tolls shall be paid by the owner of or the person exposing for sale any animal in the market of animals, that is to say :—

	<i>s. p.</i>
(a) For every horse, mule, ox or ass . . . . .	1 0
(b) For every camel . . . . .	1 0
(c) For every sheep, goat or swine . . . . .	3
(d) For every kid, lamb or suckling pig . . . . .	3
(e) For every live chicken . . . . .	1
(f) For every live fowl . . . . .	1
(g) For every live turkey . . . . .	2

*Bye-law 82.* The following tolls shall be paid by every person selling or exposing for sale in the fair market the following animals, goods, articles, things, eatables or liquids of any kind, that is to say :—

	<i>s. p.</i>
(a) For every camel, horse, mule or ox sold . . . . .	2 0
(b) For every donkey sold . . . . .	1 0
(c) For every swine of any age sold . . . . .	3
(d) For any kind of goods, articles, things, eatables or liquids exposed for sale for the whole or any part of the period of the fair, a toll from 1p. to 20s. according to the value or quantity thereof, to be determined in each case by the inspector.	

*Bye-law 110.*—(4) The fee payable for any licence granted under paragraph (1) of this bye-law shall be determined in each case by the Board but shall in no case exceed 5s. per year or part thereof.

*Bye-law 117.* The following rates shall be paid by the owner or occupier of any premises or place supplied with the domestic water, that is to say :—

- (a) in respect of a house, coffee-house, shop or store a rate, to be determined in each case by the Board, not exceeding 30s. per year or part thereof;
- (b) in respect of a hotel, boarding-house, lodging-house, khan, factory or industrial undertaking a rate, to be determined in each case by the Board, not exceeding £3 per year or part thereof:

Provided that the Board may install water-meters on any water line supply for measuring the quantity of the domestic water supplied to any premises and in every such case the rate to be paid by the owner or occupier of any premises shall be determined in each case by the Board but shall in no case exceed three shillings per thousand gallons.

*Bye-law 134.*—(1) The following fees shall be paid by the owner or occupier of any premises for the removal of buckets or receptacles containing night-soil, fluid refuse or household refuse within the improvement area, that is to say :—

- (a) in respect of a house, coffee-house, shop or store, a fee, to be determined in each case by the Board, not exceeding £2 per year or part thereof;
- (b) in respect of a hotel, boarding-house, lodging-house, khan, factory, industrial undertaking or premises other than those mentioned in paragraph (a) hereof a fee, to be determined in each case by the Board, not exceeding £3 per year or part thereof.

*Bye-law 135.*—(2) The fee payable for any licence granted under this bye-law shall not exceed ten shillings per year or part thereof, as the Board may in each case determine.

*Bye-law 136.*—(2) The fee payable for any licence granted under this bye-law shall not exceed five shillings per year or part thereof.

*Bye-law 139.*—(3) The fee for such licence shall be two shillings per year or part thereof.

*Bye-law 155.*—(2) The following fees shall be paid by every hawker in respect of every day upon which he hawks goods within the improvement area, that is to say :—

	<i>s.</i>	<i>p.</i>
(a) When the value of the goods hawked does not exceed £1 .. .. .	—	2
(b) When the value of the goods hawked does not exceed £3 .. .. .	—	3
(c) When the value of the goods hawked exceeds £3 but does not exceed £10 .. .. .	—	5
(d) When the value of the goods hawked exceeds £10 .. .. .	1	0

*Bye-law 160.*—(1) The following charges shall be paid by every person posting or exhibiting any advertisement or notice on any hoarding, that is to say :—

	<i>Size of advertisement or notice not exceeding :</i>	
	<i>s.</i>	<i>p.</i>
	2 × 2 ft.	3 × 3 ft.
(a) For each day .. .. .	—	1
(b) For each week or part thereof .. .. .	—	3
(c) For each month or part thereof .. .. .	1	0

*Bye-law 163.*—(1) The following fees shall be paid by every person obtaining a licence under this Part of these bye-laws, that is to say :—

- (a) For a period of one month a fee, to be determined in each case by the Board, not exceeding £5.
- (b) For a period of one week a fee, to be determined in each case by the Board, not exceeding £2.
- (c) For a single performance, cinematograph exhibition, dance, entertainment or public meeting a fee, to be determined in each case by the Board, not exceeding £1.

*Bye-law 171.* No person shall use any swimming pool provided by the Board except with the permission of the Board's officer in charge and upon payment of the appropriate fee, which is fixed at three piastres per hour or part thereof for persons of over 18 years of age and at two piastres per hour or part thereof for persons under this age.

*Bye-law 172.*—(4) The following fees shall be paid by every person for a licence or renewal of a licence to keep any dog within the improvement area, that is to say :—

	<i>s.</i>	<i>p.</i>
(a) For every bitch in every year .. .. .	4	0
(b) For every other dog in every year .. .. .	2	0

*Bye-law 173.*—(2) Where it is proved to the satisfaction of the Board that a metal badge supplied under this bye-law has been lost or destroyed, the Board may issue to the licensee a duplicate metal badge on payment of 1s.

*Bye-law 178.*—(1) Whenever any authorized weigher is requested by any person to weigh, measure or test any goods other than any of the goods enumerated in the Second Schedule hereto, such person shall pay to the authorized weigher upon such weighing, measuring or testing a fee at the rate of two paras per oke in respect thereof and such authorized weigher shall give to the person paying the same a printed receipt in respect thereof from a counterfoil book in such form as the Board may from time to time prescribe and every person paying any such fee shall require the authorized weigher to whom the same is paid to furnish him with such printed receipt :

Provided that—

- (a) Fractions under ten paras shall not be collected.
- (b) For fractions of ten paras and over and under thirty paras the sum of twenty paras shall be collected.
- (c) For fractions of thirty paras and over and under forty paras the sum of forty paras shall be collected :

Provided also that the minimum fee for any one weighing, measuring or testing shall be one piastre.

*Bye-law 179.* The fee to be levied and paid under the provisions of sub-section (2) of section 29 of the Law on any carobs weighed under the provisions of sub-section (1) of the said section shall be 4½ piastres per aleppo cantar of such carobs.

*Bye-law 185.*—(1) Every person who, within the improvement area, carries on, exercises or practises any profession, business, trade or other calling, as hereinafter mentioned, shall, in every year, pay a fee in accordance with the following scale, as the Board may in each case determine :—

	<i>An annual fee not exceeding : shillings.</i>
(a) Barbers .. .. .	10
(b) Bakers, butchers, clubs, contractors, dentists, medical practitioners, chemists, pharmacists, mineral water manufacturers, pianists or bandmasters, photographers, shoemakers, telegraph agencies .. .. .	20
(c) Hotel-keepers, boarding-house keepers, lodging-house keepers or khan keepers .. .. .	20
(d) Keepers of coffee-houses, drapery-shops, grocery-shops, restaurants or any other class of shops .. .. .	20
(e) Muleteers, per horse or mule or donkey .. .. .	5
(f) Persons keeping carriages for public hire, per carriage .. .. .	10
(g) Individuals keeping motor cars for public hire, per motor car .. .. .	20
(h) Motor car companies, partnerships or agencies keeping motor cars for public hire .. .. .	20
(i) Merchants, money-lenders, business men, manufacturers .. .. .	100
(j) Persons carrying on within the improvement area any profession, business, trade or other calling not enumerated above .. .. .	20

*Bye-law 187.* The Board shall on or before the 15th day of June in each year prepare a list (hereinafter in this Part of these bye-laws referred to as "the occupiers list") showing the name, occupation and place of abode of every occupier in the improvement area and the amount of the annual rate assessed on each such occupier. The occupiers list shall be dated and signed by the Chairman.

*Bye-law 189.* Every occupier in the improvement area whose name appears in the occupiers list shall on or before the 30th day of September pay to the Chairman or to the Treasurer of the Board the amount of the annual rate assessed on such occupier.

## SECOND SCHEDULE.

GOODS TO BE WEIGHED, MEASURED OR TESTED UNDER SECTION 26 OF THE LAW AND FEES PAYABLE FOR THE WEIGHING, MEASURING OR TESTING THEREOF.

(*Bye-law 177.*)

*Fees for any quantity in excess of the minimum weight.*  
*Paras per oke or part thereof.*

<i>Item No.</i>	<i>Goods</i>	<i>Minimum Weight.</i>	<i>Fees.</i>	<i>Paras per oke or part thereof.</i>
		<i>okes</i>	<i>cp.</i>	
1.	Almonds .. .. .	10	1	2
2.	Aniseed .. .. .	20	1	2
3.	Barley .. .. .	20	1	1
4.	Beans .. .. .	20	1	2
5.	Butter (of milk) .. .. .	10	1	5
6.	Butter, other, such as cocoline, vegetaline, etc. ..	10	1	3
7.	Carobs, natural or ground .. .. .	40	2	2
8.	Carobs, natural or ground, on exportation ..	40	2	2
9.	Charcoal .. .. .	20	1	1
10.	Coal .. .. .	40	2	1
11.	Colocas .. .. .	20	1	2
12.	Cotton, unginced .. .. .	40	2	2
13.	Cotton, ginced .. .. .	20	1	2
14.	Cotton seed .. .. .	20	1	2
15.	Cumin seed .. .. .	20	1	2
16.	Favetta .. .. .	20	1	2
17.	Flour .. .. .	20	1	2
18.	Fruit, fresh (other than oranges and lemons) ..	10	1	2
19.	Fruit, dry (raisins, dry or boiled) .. .. .	20	1	2
20.	Fruits, dry, with shell removed .. .. .	10	1	2
21.	Fuel .. .. .	40	1	1
22.	Gypsum .. .. .	40	1	1
23.	Gypsum, on exportation outside the Colony ..	75	2	1
24.	Hazelnuts .. .. .	10	1	2
25.	Hay .. .. .	40	1	1
26.	Konary .. .. .	20	1	2
27.	Lime .. .. .	40	2	2
28.	Linseed .. .. .	20	1	2
29.	Mavrokokko .. .. .	20	1	2
30.	Nuts .. .. .	10	1	2
31.	Oats .. .. .	20	1	1
32.	Oil, olive .. .. .	10	3	10
33.	Oil, other .. .. .	10	2	5
34.	Olives .. .. .	20	1	2
35.	Olive stones .. .. .	40	1	1
36.	Onions .. .. .	20	1	2
37.	Peas and other pulse .. .. .	20	1	2
38.	Potatoes .. .. .	20	1	2
39.	Pumice stone .. .. .	40	1	1
40.	Sesame .. .. .	20	1	2
41.	Silk .. .. .	3	6	80
42.	Silk cocoons, dry .. .. .	10	3	10
43.	Silk cocoons, fresh .. .. .	5	3	10
44.	Straw .. .. .	40	1	1
45.	Straw, on exportation, outside the Colony ..	75	2	1
46.	Sumac .. .. .	40	2	2
47.	Terra umbra, natural, in lumps or ground ..	40	1	1
48.	Terra umbra, calcined, in lumps or ground ..	40	1	1
49.	Vetches .. .. .	20	1	2
50.	Vikos .. .. .	20	1	2
51.	Wheat .. .. .	20	1	2
52.	Wines and Spirits .. .. .	20	1	2
53.	Wood .. .. .	40	1	1
54.	Wool .. .. .	40	10	10
55.	Zivania : weighing and testing by Sikes's hydro- meter .. .. .	40	5	5
56.	Zivania : weighing and testing by Cartier's hydro- meter .. .. .	40	5	5

Item No.	Goods	Minimum Measure	Fees cp.	<i>Fees for any quantity in excess of the minimum measure.</i>
				<i>Paras per 100 or part thereof</i>
57.	Lemons	100	2	40
58.	Oranges (Jaffa)	100	2	40
59.	Oranges (other kinds) and grapefruit	100	2	40

Fees shall be calculated on the actual weight of the goods weighed at the above rates :

Provided that—

- (a) Fractions under 10 *paras* shall not be collected.
- (b) For fractions of 10 *paras* and over and under 30 *paras* the sum of 20 *paras* shall be collected.
- (c) For fractions of 30 *paras* and over and under 40 *paras* the sum of 40 *paras* shall be collected :

Provided also that the minimum fee for any one weighing or measuring or testing shall be 1cp.

#### SECOND APPENDIX.

(Bye-law 2 (3).)

BYE-LAWS NOT APPLICABLE.

*Bye-laws* 13, 141, 144, 145, 146, 161, 180-184, 191-215.

The above bye-laws have been approved by the Acting Colonial Secretary.

(M.P. 1199/51.)

### No. 374.

#### THE VILLAGES (ADMINISTRATION AND IMPROVEMENT) LAWS, 1950.

##### BYE-LAWS MADE BY THE IMPROVEMENT BOARD OF AYIOS NIKOLAOS.

In exercise of the powers vested in them by section 24 of the Villages (Administration and Improvement) Laws, 1950, the Improvement Board of Ayios Nikolaos hereby make the following bye-laws :—

1. These bye-laws may be cited as the Villages (Administration and Improvement) Ayios Nikolaos Bye-laws, 1951.

2.—(1) Subject to the provisions of paragraphs (2) and (3) of this bye-law, the Villages (Administration and Improvement) Pedhoulas Bye-laws, 1951, published in Supplement No. 3 to the *Gazette* of the 14th March, 1951 (hereinafter called “the model bye-laws”) shall—

(a) be deemed to be bye-laws made by the Improvement Board of Ayios Nikolaos and to be incorporated herein, and

(b) apply to the improvement area of Ayios Nikolaos :

Provided that for the word “Pedhoulas” and for the word “Nicosia” wherever they occur in the model bye-laws, the words “Ayios Nikolaos” and the word “Paphos” shall be substituted respectively.

(2) The bye-laws set out in the First Appendix hereto shall be substituted for the corresponding bye-laws of the model bye-laws.

(3) The bye-laws of the model bye-laws mentioned in the Second Appendix hereto shall not apply to the improvement area of Ayios Nikolaos.

#### FIRST APPENDIX.

(Bye-law 2 (2).)

##### BYE-LAWS TO BE SUBSTITUTED.

*Bye-law* 4. The Board may from time to time by public notification appoint any premises within the improvement area to be a slaughter-house (hereinafter in these bye-laws referred to as “the slaughter-house”).

*Bye-law* 6. The slaughter-house shall be under the control and management of the inspector, subject to any instructions which he may from time to time receive from the Medical Officer.

*Bye-law* 7. In all matters to which bye-laws 16, 18, 19, 20 and 21 of these bye-laws relate, the Medical Officer and the inspector shall be guided by, and act in accordance with, the instructions issued to them from time to time by the Chief Veterinary Officer.

*Bye-law* 8. The slaughter-house shall be open and shall be kept open for the slaughtering of any animal other than swine and the dressing of its carcass daily from sunrise to ten o'clock in the forenoon and may be open or kept open with the permission of the Chairman at such other time and for such other period as may be required.

*Bye-law* 10.—(1) No animal shall be slaughtered for human consumption or for sale within the improvement area except at the slaughter-house.

(2) No carcass of any such animal shall be cleaned or dressed within the improvement area except at the slaughter-house.

*Bye-law* 23. All carcasses shall be conveyed by the owner thereof from the slaughter-house to the meat market and during such conveyance shall, in order to avoid contamination, be covered in such manner as the Chairman may from time to time prescribe.