

No. 832. THE VILLAGES (ADMINISTRATION AND IMPROVEMENT) LAWS, 1950 AND 1953.

BYE-LAWS MADE BY THE IMPROVEMENT BOARD OF KATO PYRGOS.

12 of 1950  
18 of 1950  
31 of 1953.

In exercise of the powers vested in them by section 24 of the Villages (Administration and Improvement) laws, 1950 and 1953, the Improvement Board of Kato Pyrgos hereby make the following bye-laws.

Gazette :  
Supplement  
No. 3:  
9.5.1951.

1. These bye-laws may be cited as the Villages (Administration and Improvement) Kato Pyrgos (Amendment) Bye-laws, 1957, and shall be read as one with the Villages (Administration and Improvement) Bye-laws, 1951 (hereinafter referred to as "the principal Bye-laws"), and the principal Bye-laws and these bye-laws may together be cited as the Villages (Administration and Improvement) Kato Pyrgos Bye-laws, 1951 and 1957.

2. Bye-law 26 of the principal Bye-laws is hereby repealed and the following bye-law substituted therefor :—

"26. The following fees shall be paid by the owner of, or the person slaughtering any animal in the appropriate slaughter-house, that is to say :

	<i>Mils.</i>
(a) For every bullock, camel, cow or ox not exceeding thirty okes in weight .. .. .	50
(b) For every bullock, camel, cow or ox exceeding thirty okes in weight .. .. .	100
(c) For every goat, kid, lamb or sheep of six okes or over in weight .. .. .	35
(d) For every kid or lamb under six okes in weight .. .. .	25
(e) For every swine not exceeding five okes in weight .. .. .	35
(f) For every swine exceeding five okes in weight but not exceeding ten okes in weight .. .. .	50
(g) For every swine exceeding ten okes in weight but not exceeding thirty okes in weight .. .. .	100
(h) For every swine exceeding thirty okes in weight .. .. .	150

Provided that when any animal which has been slaughtered is to be used exclusively by the owner and his family for the purpose of salting, 100 mils shall, irrespective of the weight of the animal, be paid in lieu of the fees hereinbefore prescribed."

3. Bye-law 37 of the principal Bye-laws is hereby repealed and the following bye-law substituted therefor :—

"37.—(1) The following fees shall be paid by every person exposing for sale any perishable goods in the market of perishable goods, that is to say :—

	<i>Mils.</i>
(a) When the value of such goods is under 100 mils .. .. .	5
(b) When the value of such goods exceeds 100 mils but does not exceed 200 mils .. .. .	10
(c) When the value of such goods exceeds 200 mils but does not exceed 400 mils .. .. .	15
(d) When the value of such goods exceeds 400 mils but does not exceed 750 mils .. .. .	20
(e) When the value of such goods exceeds 750 mils but does not exceed 1,000 mils .. .. .	30
(f) When the value of such goods exceeds 1,000 mils but does not exceed 2,000 mils .. .. .	35
(g) When the value of such goods exceeds 2,000 mils but does not exceed 4,000 mils .. .. .	85 "

(2) If the value of such goods exceeds £4, a fee of 50 mils for each additional pound or fraction thereof shall be added to the aforementioned fee of "85 mils".

(3) Every fee payable under this bye-law shall be paid to the inspector.

4. Paragraph (1) of bye-law 51 of the principal Bye-laws is hereby repealed and the following bye-law substituted therefor :—

“ 51.—(1) The following fees shall be paid by every person exposing for sale any fresh meat in the meat market, that is to say :—

	<i>Mils.</i>
(a) For every carcass of sheep or goat or part thereof .. .. .	50
(b) For every carcass of a young lamb or kid of less than 6 okes in weight or part thereof .. .. .	25
(c) For every carcass of ox, camel, cow or bullock or part thereof not exceeding 30 okes in weight .. .. .	25
(d) For every carcass of ox, camel, cow or bullock or part thereof exceeding 30 okes in weight but not exceeding 60 okes in weight .. .. .	50
(e) For every carcass of ox, camel, cow or bullock or part thereof exceeding 60 okes in weight .. .. .	100 ”.

5. Paragraph (1) of bye-law 58 of the principal Bye-laws is hereby repealed and the following bye-law substituted therefor :—

“ 58.—(1) The following fees shall be paid by the owner of, or the person exposing for sale, any carcass of swine or fresh pork in the pork market, that is to say :—

	<i>Mils.</i>
(a) For every carcass of swine or part thereof or portion of fresh pork not exceeding 30 okes in weight .. .. .	50
(b) For every carcass of swine or part thereof or portion of fresh pork exceeding 30 okes in weight but not exceeding 60 okes in weight .. .. .	100
(c) For every carcass of swine or part thereof or portion of fresh pork exceeding 60 okes in weight .. .. .	150 ”.

6. Paragraph (1) of bye-law 65 of the principal Bye-laws (as set out in the model Bye-laws published in Supplement No. 3 to the *Gazette* of 14th March, 1951) is hereby amended by the deletion therefrom of the figure “ 1p.” in the second line and the substitution therefor of the figure and words “ 5 mils”.

7. Paragraph (1) of bye-law 75 of the principal Bye-laws is hereby repealed and the following bye-law substituted therefor :—

“ 75.—(1) The following tolls shall be paid by the owner of, or the person exposing for sale, any animal in the market of animals, that is to say :—

	<i>Mils.</i>
(a) For every horse or mule .. .. .	50
(b) For every ox or ass .. .. .	35
(c) For every camel .. .. .	50
(d) For every sheep, goat or swine .. .. .	50
(e) For every kid, lamb or suckling pig .. .. .	10
(f) For every live chicken .. .. .	5
(g) For every live fowl .. .. .	5
(h) For every live turkey .. .. .	5 ”.

8. Paragraph 1 of bye-law 81 of the principal Bye-laws (as set out in the model Bye-laws published in Supplement No. 3 to the *Gazette* of the 14th March, 1951) is hereby amended by the deletion therefrom of the words “ two to forty shillings ” in the second line and the substitution therefor of the words “ one hundred mils to two pounds ”.

9. Bye-law 82 of the principal Bye-laws is hereby repealed and the following bye-law substituted therefor :—

“ 82. The following tolls shall be paid by every person selling or exposing for sale in the fair market the following animals, goods, articles, things, eatables or liquids of any kind, that is to say :—

	<i>Mils.</i>
(a) For every camel, horse, mule or ox sold .. .. .	50
(b) For every donkey sold .. .. .	35
(c) For every swine of any age sold .. .. .	10
(d) For any kind of goods, articles, things, eatables or liquids exposed for sale for the whole or any part of the period of the said fair, a toll from 5 mils to 1.000 mils according to the value or quantity thereof, to be determined in each case by the Inspector ”.	

10. Paragraph 2 of bye-law 91 of the principal Bye-laws (as set out in the model Bye-laws published in Supplement No. 3 to the *Gazette* of the 14th March, 1951) is hereby amended by the deletion therefrom of the words “ two piastres ” in the third line and the substitution therefor of the words “ ten mils ”.

11. Bye-law 117 of the principal Bye-laws is hereby amended by the deletion from the proviso to sub-paragraph (b) thereof of the words “ three shillings ” in the fourth line and substitution therefor of the words “ one hundred and fifty mils ”.

12. Paragraph (2) of bye-law 135 of the principal Bye-laws is hereby amended by the deletion therefrom of the words “ ten shillings ” (line 1) and the substitution therefor of the words “ five hundred mils ”.

13. Paragraph (2) of bye-law 136 of the principal Bye-laws (as set out in the model Bye-laws published in Supplement No. 3 to the *Gazette* of the 14th March, 1951) is hereby amended by the deletion therefrom of the words “ ten shillings ” (line 2) and the substitution therefor of the words “ five hundred mils ”.

14. Paragraph (3) of bye-law 139 of the principal Bye-laws is hereby amended by the deletion therefrom of the words “ three piastres ” (line 1) and the substitution therefor of the words “ fifteen mils ”.

15. Paragraph (2) of bye-law 155 of the principal Bye-laws (as set out in the model Bye-laws published in Supplement No. 3 to the *Gazette* of the 14th March, 1951) is hereby repealed and the following paragraph substituted therefor :—

“ 155.—(2) The following fees shall be paid by every hawker in respect of every day upon which he hawks goods within the improvement area, that is to say :—

	<i>Mils.</i>
(a) When the value of the goods hawked does not exceed £1	10
(b) When the value of the goods hawked does not exceed £3	20
(c) When the value of the goods hawked exceeds £3, but does not exceed £10 .. .. .	50
(d) When the value of the goods hawked exceeds £10 .. .. .	100 ”.

16. Paragraph (1) of bye-law 160 of the principal Bye-laws (as set out in the model Bye-laws published in Supplement No. 3 to the *Gazette* of the 14th March, 1951) is hereby repealed and the following paragraph substituted therefor :—

“ 160.—(1) The following charges shall be paid by every person posting or exhibiting any advertisement or notice on any hoarding, that is to say :—

	<i>Size of advertisement or notice not exceeding :</i>	
	<i>2 ft. × 2 ft.</i>	<i>3 ft. × 3 ft.</i>
	<i>Mils.</i>	<i>Mils.</i>
(a) For each day .. .. .	5	10
(b) For each week or part thereof .. .. .	15	30
(c) For each month or part thereof .. .. .	50	100 ”.

17. Paragraph (1) of bye-law 178 of the principal Bye-laws (as set out in the model Bye-laws published in Supplement No. 3 to the *Gazette* of 14th March, 1951) is hereby repealed and the following paragraph substituted therefor :—

“ 178.—(1) Whenever any authorized weigher is requested by any person to weigh, measure or test any goods other than any of the goods enumerated in the Second Schedule hereto, such person shall pay to the authorized weigher upon such weighing, measuring or testing a fee at the rate of three mils per oke in respect thereof and such authorized weigher shall give to the person paying the same a printed receipt in respect thereof from a counterfoil book in such form as the Board may from time to time prescribe and every person paying any such fee shall require the authorized weigher to whom the same is paid to furnish him with such printed receipt :

Provided that the minimum fee for any weighing, measuring or testing shall be 5 mils ”.

18. Bye-law 179 of the principal Bye-laws (as set out in the model Bye-laws published in Supplement No. 3 to the *Gazette* of the 14th March, 1951) is hereby amended by the deletion therefrom of the words “ six piastres ” in the third line and the substitution therefor of the words “ thirty-five mils ”.

19. Bye-law 181 of the principal Bye-laws is hereby amended as follows :

(1) By the deletion therefrom of the words “ six piastres ” in the second line of sub-paragraph (a) of paragraph 2 and the substitution therefor of the words “ thirty-five mils ”.

(2) By the deletion therefrom of the words “ four piastres ” in the second line of sub-paragraph (b) of paragraph 2 and the substitution therefor of the words “ twenty mils ”.

(3) By the deletion therefrom of the words “ three piastres ” in the second and third lines of sub-paragraph (c) of paragraph 2 and the substitution therefor of the words “ fifteen mils ”.

(4) By the deletion therefrom of the words “ two piastres ” in the third line of sub-paragraph (d) of paragraph 2 and the substitution therefor of the words “ ten mils ”.

(5) By the deletion therefrom of the words “ two piastres ” in the second line of sub-paragraph (e) of paragraph 2 and the substitution therefor of the words “ ten mils ”.

(6) By the deletion therefrom of the words “ two piastres ” in the second line of sub-paragraph (f) of paragraph 2 and the substitution therefor of the words “ ten mils ”.

20. Paragraph (1) of bye-law 185 of the principal Bye-laws is hereby repealed and the following bye-law substituted therefor :—

“ 185.—(1) Every person who, within the improvement area, carries on, exercises or practises any profession, business, trade or other calling, as hereinafter mentioned, shall, in every year, pay a fee in accordance with the following scale, as the Board may in each case determine :—

	<i>An annual fee not exceeding Mils.</i>
(a) Barbers . . . . .	500
(b) Bakers, butchers, clubs, contractors, dentists, medical practitioners, chemists, pharmacists, mineral water manufacturers, pianists or bandmasters, photographers, shoemakers, telegraph agencies . . . . .	500
(c) Camp-keepers . . . . .	2,000
(d) Hotel-keepers, boarding-house keepers, lodging-house keepers or khan keepers . . . . .	2,000

*An annual fee  
not exceeding  
Mils.*

(e) Keepers of coffee-houses, drapery-shops, grocery-shops, restaurants or any other class of shops .. .. .	1.000
(f) Muleteers, per horse or mule or donkey .. .. .	250
(g) Persons keeping carriages for public hire, per carriage .. .. .	250
(h) Individuals keeping motor cars for public hire, per motor car .. .. .	250
(i) Motor car companies, partnerships or agencies keeping motor cars for public hire .. .. .	250
(j) Merchants, money-lenders, business men, manufacturers .. .. .	2.000
(k) Persons carrying on within the improvement area any profession, business, trade or other calling not enumerated above .. .. .	500 "

21. The principal Bye-laws (as set out in the model Bye-laws published in Supplement No. 3 to the *Gazette* of the 14th March, 1951) are hereby amended by the addition thereto of the following bye-law as bye-law 196A :

“ 196A.—(1) Subject to the provisions of these bye-laws, the Board shall establish and administer a Gratuities and Pensions Fund (hereinafter referred to as “ the Fund ”) for such offices as may, with the sanction of the Administrative Secretary, be declared by the Board to be pensionable offices (hereinafter referred to as “ the pensionable offices ”).

(2) The following shall be carried and credited to the Fund :

- (a) The equivalent of 10% of the salary for the current year of each employee holding a pensionable office, paid either wholly from the general revenue of the Board or partly from the revenue and partly by contributions from the employees holding pensionable posts in such proportions as may be decided by the Board. All such contributions shall be credited to the Fund monthly ;
- (b) the dividends and interest arising out of the investment or use of the Fund, or any part thereof ;
- (c) any sums standing to the credit of the fund hereby abolished by the repeal of bye-laws 196 to 214 ;
- (d) a sum from the general revenue of the Board equal to the contributions which should have been made by an officer holding a pensionable post, if these bye-laws had been in force at the creation of such pensionable post plus any interest (calculated at the rate of 3%), which such contribution would have earned as from the date of the creation of the said post ;
- (e) any other sums which the Board may, with the approval of the Administrative Secretary, resolve to carry to the Fund ”.

(3) All sums standing to the credit of the Fund shall be kept in a separate interest earning bank account and shall on no account be used for any purpose other than the payment of pensions or gratuities in accordance with these bye-laws.

(4) All pension and gratuity payments will be made by transferring annually from the Fund to the general revenue an amount not exceeding 10% of the total amount in the Fund as valued on the first day of each year in which payment is made, the balance required being met from the general revenue of the Board. Provided that where such payments are less than 10% of the total amount in the Fund, the amount to be transferred shall be the actual amount required.

(5) The Fund shall be re-valued every five years and an additional contribution made by the Board, sufficient to cover any deficiency between the balance of the Fund and the date of revaluation and the balance at the date of the first payment from the Fund.

22. Bye-law 196 of the principal Bye-laws (as set out in the model Bye-laws published in Supplement No. 3 to the *Gazette* of the 14th March, 1951) is hereby amended by the addition thereto of the following paragraph and by re-numbering bye-law 196 as 196 (1).

“(2) All contributions made by the officers of the Board to the Fund shall be repayable—

- (a) with interest at the same rate as the fund obtains from investment, if an officer is dismissed unless such dismissal results from inefficiency, misconduct or fraud and the Board has not treated such dismissal as a “removal from service” under paragraph (1) and has given pension or gratuity as therein provided ;
- (b) without interest on voluntary resignation, or dismissal or resignation as a result of inefficiency or misconduct, or dismissal or resignation as a result of a fraudulent offence or grave misconduct not related to the officer’s duties ;

Provided that no repayment shall be made where the officer has been dismissed or resigns or ceases to be employed in consequence of a fraudulent offence or grave misconduct related to his duties ; the Board, may, however, at their absolute discretion, authorise repayment of the whole or any part of the contributions, without any interest, even in such cases.”

23. Bye-laws 212, 213 of the principal Bye-laws (as set out in the model Bye-laws published in Supplement No. 3 to the *Gazette* of the 14th March, 1951) are hereby repealed.

24. Bye-law 214 of the principal Bye-laws is hereby repealed.

25. Bye-law 215 of the principal Bye-laws (as set out in the model Bye-laws published in Supplement No. 3 to the *Gazette* of the 14th March, 1951) is hereby amended by the deletion therefrom of the definitions of the terms “pensionable office” and “Gratuities and Pensions Fund”.

26. The Second Schedule to the principal Bye-laws is hereby repealed and the following Schedule substituted therefor :—

“SECOND SCHEDULE.

GOODS TO BE WEIGHED, MEASURED OR TESTED UNDER SECTION 26 OF THE LAW AND FEES PAYABLE FOR THE WEIGHING, MEASURING OR TESTING THEREOF.

(Bye-law 177).

Item No.	Goods.	Minimum weight.		Fees.		Fees for any quantity in excess of the minimum weight	
		Okes	Mils	Okes	Mils	5 Mils for every:	
1.	Almonds	10	5	20	5	20	okes or part thereof
2.	Aniseed	20	5	20	5	20	” ” ” ”
3.	Barley	20	5	20	5	20	” ” ” ”
4.	Beans	20	5	20	5	20	” ” ” ”
5.	Butter (of milk)	10	5	20	5	20	” ” ” ”
6.	Butter, other, such as coco-line, vegetaline, etc.	10	5	20	5	20	” ” ” ”
7.	Carobs, natural or ground	40	10	20	10	20	” ” ” ”
8.	Carobs, natural or ground, on exportation	40	10	20	10	20	” ” ” ”
9.	Charcoal	20	5	20	5	20	” ” ” ”
10.	Coal	40	10	20	10	20	” ” ” ”
11.	Colocas	20	5	20	5	20	” ” ” ”
12.	Cotton, unginned	40	10	20	10	20	” ” ” ”
13.	Cotton, ginned	20	5	20	5	20	” ” ” ”
14.	Cotton seed	20	5	20	5	20	” ” ” ”

Item No.	Goods.	Minimum weight. Okes	Fees. Mils	Fees for any quantity in excess of the minimum weight 5 Mils for every:			
15.	Cumin seed .. ..	20	5	20	okes	or	part thereof
16.	Favetta .. ..	20	5	20	"	"	"
17.	Flour .. ..	20	5	20	"	"	"
18.	Fruit, fresh (other than oranges and lemons) ..	10	5	20	"	"	"
19.	Fruit, dry (raisins, dry or boiled) .. ..	20	5	20	"	"	"
20.	Fruits, dry (with shells re- moved) .. ..	10	5	20	"	"	"
21.	Fuel .. ..	40	10	20	"	"	"
22.	Gypsum .. ..	40	10	20	"	"	"
23.	Gypsum, on exportation outside the Colony ..	75	20	20	"	"	"
24.	Hazelnuts .. ..	10	5	20	"	"	"
25.	Hay .. ..	40	10	20	"	"	"
26.	Konari .. ..	20	5	20	"	"	"
27.	Lime .. ..	20	10	20	"	"	"
28.	Linseed .. ..	20	5	20	"	"	"
29.	Mavrokokko .. ..	20	5	20	"	"	"
30.	Nuts .. ..	10	5	20	"	"	"
31.	Oats .. ..	20	5	20	"	"	"
32.	Oil, olive .. ..	10	15	4	"	"	"
33.	Oil, other .. ..	10	10	4	"	"	"
34.	Olives .. ..	20	5	8	"	"	"
35.	Olive stones .. ..	40	10	20	"	"	"
36.	Onions .. ..	20	5	20	"	"	"
37.	Peas and other pulse ..	20	5	20	"	"	"
38.	Potatoes .. ..	20	5	20	"	"	"
39.	Pumice stone .. ..	40	10	20	"	"	"
40.	Sesame .. ..	20	5	20	"	"	"
41.	Silk .. ..	3	15	1	oke	or	part thereof
42.	Silk cocoons, dry .. ..	10	30	2	okes	or	part thereof
43.	Silk cocoons, fresh ..	5	10	4	"	"	"
44.	Straw .. ..	40	10	20	"	"	"
45.	Straw, on exportation out- side the Colony ..	75	20	20	"	"	"
46.	Sumac .. ..	40	10	20	"	"	"
47.	Terra umbra, natural, in lumps or ground ..	40	10	20	"	"	"
48.	Terra umbra, calcined, in lumps or ground ..	40	10	20	"	"	"
49.	Vetches .. ..	20	5	20	"	"	"
50.	Vicos .. ..	20	5	20	"	"	"
51.	Wheat .. ..	20	5	20	"	"	"
52.	Wines and Spirits ..	20	5	20	"	"	"
53.	Wood .. ..	40	10	20	"	"	"
54.	Wool .. ..	40	55	4	"	"	"
55.	Zivania : weighing and testing by Sikes's hydro- meter .. ..	40	10	20	"	"	"
56.	Zivania : weighing and testing by Cartier's hydrometer .. ..	40	10	20	"	"	"

Item No.	Goods.	Minimum measure.	Fees. Mils	Fees for any quantity in excess of the minimum measure.	
				Mils per 100 or part thereof.	
57.	Lemons	100	10	3	
58.	Oranges (Jaffa)	100	10	3	
59.	Oranges (other kinds) and grape fruit	100	10	3	

Fees shall be calculated on the actual weight of the goods weighed at the above rates :

Provided that—

- (a) Fractions under 2 mils shall not be collected ;
- (b) For fractions of 2 mils and over and under 4 mils the sum of 3 mils shall be collected ;
- (c) For fractions of 4 mils and over and under 5 mils the sum of 5 mils shall be collected :

Provided also that the minimum fee for any one weighing, measuring or testing shall be 5 mils ”.

The above Bye-laws have been approved by the Acting Administrative Secretary. (M.P. 1064/51.)

No. 833.

#### THE IRRIGATION (PRIVATE WATER) ASSOCIATION LAWS, 1949 AND 1954.

In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (3) of section 12 of the Irrigation (Private Water) Association Laws, 1949 and 1954, the following rules made by the Committee of the Irrigation Association of Zakharia (Surplus Water of the Village Fountain) in the District of Paphos, are published in the *Gazette*.

##### IRRIGATION ASSOCIATION OF ZAKHARIA (SURPLUS WATER OF THE VILLAGE FOUNTAIN).

##### Rules.

1. These rules may be cited as the Irrigation Association of Zakharia (Surplus Water of the Village Fountain) Rules, 1957.

2. In these rules, unless the context otherwise requires—

“Commissioner” means the Commissioner of the District of Paphos ;

“Committee” means the Committee of the Irrigation Association ;

“Irrigation Association” means the Irrigation Association of Zakharia ;

“Law” means the Irrigation (Private Water) Association Laws, 1949 and 1954 ;

“List” means the list of the names and residences of the proprietors and of the extent of the interest of each proprietor in the water, as finally settled in accordance with the provisions of section 11 of the Law ;

“Works” means the irrigation works of the Irrigation Association ;

“Water” means the water commonly known as the Surplus Water of the Village Fountain.

3. The present Committee shall hold office for a period of three years beginning on the 26th May, 1957. The election of each subsequent Committee shall take place in the manner herein-after provided every third year in the first week of the month of May and it shall hold office for a period of three years from the date of the expiration of the period of office of the previous Committee.

4.—(1) The Commissioner shall, not less than one month before the holding of the meeting as in rule 3 provided, cause a written notice thereof to be—

(a) published in a newspaper or newspapers ; and

(b) posted in a conspicuous place in the town, village or quarter in which the water is situate.

(2) All expenses connected with the notices shall be paid for from the funds of the Irrigation Association.